Table 25. PAD District V — Year-to-Date Daily Average Supply and Disposition of Crude Oil and Petroleum **Products, January-February 1999**

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Supply					Disposition				
Commodity	Field Production	Refinery Production	Imports by PAD District of Entry ^a	Unac- counted For Crude Oil ^b	Net Receipts	Stock Change ^c	Crude Losses	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied ^d
Crude Oil	E 2,030	_	455	29	-59	22	0	2,355	78	0
Natural Gas Liquids and LRGs		47	(s)	_	0	-22	_	90	7	61
Pentanes Plus	47	_	0	_	0	(s)	_	38	(s)	10
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	41	47	(s)	_	0	-22	_	53	7	51
Ethane/Ethylene	(s)	0	Ô	_	0	0	_	0	0	(s)
Propane/Propylene	12	44	(s)	_	0	-14	_	0	4	65
Normal Butane/Butylene		-1	`Ó	_	0	-10	_	37	3	-15
Isobutane/Isobutylene	12	5	0	_	0	1	_	15	0	(s)
Other Liquids	128	_	96	_	4	8	_	186	2	32
Other Hydrocarbons/Oxygenates	78	_	50	_	0	-9	_	134	2	0
Unfinished Oils	_	_	45	_	0	15	_	-2	0	32
Motor Gasoline Blend. Comp	50	_	1	_	4	2	_	54	(s)	0
Aviation Gasoline Blend. Comp	_	_	0	_	0	(s)	_	(s)	Ó	0
Finished Petroleum Products		2,720	51	_	135	-1	_	_	202	2,662
Finished Motor Gasoline	-42	1,315	3	_	98	-18	_	_	8	1,384
Reformulated	_	887	2	_	-4	-14	_	_	1	898
Oxygenated	75	19	0	_	0	(s)	_	_	1	92
Other	-117	410	1	_	102	-4	_	_	6	393
Finished Aviation Gasoline	_	2	0	_	0	(s)	_	_	0	2
Jet Fuel	_	407	36	_	15	-4	_	_	5	458
Naphtha-Type	_	(s)	0	_	0	(s)	_	_	0	(s)
Kerosene-Type		407	36	_	15	-4	_	_	5	458
Kerosene		4	0	_	0	1	_	_	(s)	3
Distillate Fuel Oil		421	8	_	21	(s)	_	_	65	386
0.05 percent sulfur and under		329	0	_	18	1	_	_	24	323
Greater than 0.05 percent sulfur	_	92	8	_	3	(s)	_	_	41	62
Residual Fuel Oil		208	2	_	0	1	_	_	40	169
Petrochemical Feedstocks ^e		10	0	_	0	-1			0	11
Special Naphthas		2	0	_	0	(s)	_	_	5	-3
Lubricants		20	0	_	(s)	(s)	_		3	-3 17
Waxes		20 4	(s)	_	(s) 0	(s) 2	_	_	ა 1	2
		148	(S)	_	0	6	_	_	75	69
Petroleum Coke				_	-	-	_	_		
Asphalt and Road OilStill Gas		45	0	_	0	12 0	_	_	1 0	32
Miscellaneous Products		128 4	0	_	0	0	_	_	(s)	128 4
Total	2,204	2,767	601	29	80	7	0	2,631	289	2,755

a Represents the PAD District in which the material entered the United States and not necessarily where the crude oil or product is processed and/or consumed.

LRG = Liquefied Refinery Gas.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Forms EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report," EIA-811, "Monthly Bulk Terminal Report," EIA-812, "Monthly Product Pipeline Report," EIA-813, "Monthly Crude Oil Report," EIA-814, "Monthly Imports Report," EIA-816, "Monthly Natural Gas Liquids Report," EIA-817, "Monthly Tanker and Barge Movement Report," and EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report". Domestic crude oil production estimates based on historical statistics from State conservation agencies and the Minerals Management Service of the U.S. Department of the Interior. Export data from the Bureau of the Census and Form EIA-810, "Monthly Refinery Report."

b Unaccounted for crude oil represents the difference between the supply and disposition of crude oil.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase in stocks.

d Products supplied is equal to field production, plus refinery production, plus imports, plus unaccounted for crude oil, plus net receipts, minus stock change, minus crude losses, minus refinery inputs, minus exports.

^e Includes naphtha less than 401° F endpoint and other oils equal to or greater than 401° F endpoint.

⁽s) = Less than 500 barrels per day.

E = Estimated.

^{— =} Not Applicable.